



National Maternity
Experience Survey 2020

Rotunda Hospital



2020 survey results

Respondents



335

Number of respondents



47%

Participation rate

Overall experience

2020



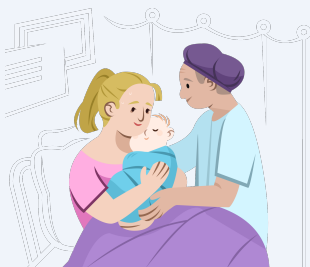
Stages of care



Care while pregnant (antenatal care)

Care provided in the hospital and the community

Ratings of 'care while you were pregnant (antenatal care)' were about the same as the national average. The highest-scoring question for this stage related to being treated with respect and dignity. The lowest-scoring question related to the receipt of information about changes in mental health while pregnant.



Care during labour and birth

Care provided in the hospital

Ratings of 'care during labour and birth' were about the same as the national average. The highest-scoring question for this stage related to skin to skin contact with their baby shortly after the birth. The lowest-scoring question related to the involvement of women in decisions about care during labour and birth.



Care in hospital after the birth

Care provided in the hospital

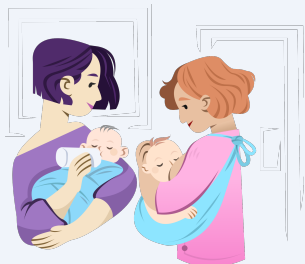
Ratings of 'care in hospital after the birth' were about the same as the national average. The highest-scoring question related to being told who to contact after discharge. The lowest-scoring question related to 'debriefing' and the opportunity for women to ask questions about their labour and birth after the baby was born.



Specialised care*

Care provided in the hospital

60% of women said that they had a very good overall experience of the care their baby received in the neonatal unit in the the Rotunda Hospital, compared with 70% nationally.



Feeding

Care provided in the hospital and the community

Ratings of 'feeding' were about the same as the national average. The highest-scoring question related to respect for decisions about how women wanted to feed their baby. The lowest-scoring question related to support and encouragement provided to women with feeding their baby while in hospital.



Care at home after the birth

Care provided in the community

Ratings of 'care at home after the birth' were lower than the national average. The highest-scoring question related to being treated with respect and dignity at home after the birth. The lowest-scoring question related to the time spent by the GP practice nurse/midwife discussing mental health at the 6-week check-up.



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About the National Maternity Experience Survey

The National Maternity Experience Survey offers women the opportunity to share their experiences of Ireland's maternity services. The survey is part of the National Care Experience Programme, a joint initiative by the Health Information and Quality Authority (HIQA), the Health Service Executive (HSE) and the Department of Health. The National Care Experience Programme seeks to improve the quality of health and social care services in Ireland by asking people about their experiences of care and acting on their feedback. The survey reflects a commitment made in the National Maternity Strategy 2016-2026 to evaluate maternity services from the perspectives of the women who use them.⁽¹⁾

The survey questionnaire contains 68 questions which capture the whole maternity pathway from antenatal care, through labour and birth, to postnatal care in the community. The National Maternity Experience Survey includes questions taken or adapted from a library of questions developed by the National University of Ireland, Galway (NUIG) in collaboration with the National Care Experience Programme. More information on the survey design can be found at www.yourexperience.ie/maternity/about-the-survey.

The aim of the survey is to learn from the experiences of women to improve the safety and quality of the care that they and their baby receive. HIQA, the HSE and the Department of Health have committed to acting on the findings of the National Maternity Experience Survey to improve the quality of maternity care services in Ireland. Quality improvement plans have been developed by the HSE at national and local levels to address the issues highlighted in the survey.

About this report

This report focuses on the experiences of women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital. In Ireland, maternity care is provided by a mix of hospital-based and community-based services. This report includes women's experiences of the care provided both in the Rotunda Hospital, and by general practitioners and public health nurses based in the community.

What were the findings for women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital?

The majority of women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital said they had a positive overall experience. 86% said their maternity care was good or very good, compared with 85% nationally. Women who gave birth in the hospital rated their care close to the national average for each stage of care. Women's ratings of 'care at home after the birth' scored below the national average.

64% of the women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital said that they were offered a choice of the type of maternity care they would receive. Options included public care, consultant-led private or semi-private care, DOMINO and community midwifery care.

The hospital scored above the national average for Q9 and Q25, which related to information about mental health changes while pregnant, and skin-to-skin contact with their baby after birth. Q28 also scored significantly above the national average and asked about the women's opportunity to ask questions about labour and birth.

However, ratings for Q44, Q53 and Q56 were significantly below average. Q44 and Q53 asked whether women were given adequate support and encouragement with feeding at home after the birth of their baby and whether their questions were answered by the GP or practice nurse/midwife in a way they could understand. Q56 asked women if they had confidence and trust in the healthcare professionals who cared for them at home after the birth of their baby.

The responses to the three free-text questions provided very detailed information on women's experiences while in the Rotunda Hospital and the maternity care they received in the community before and after giving birth. These comments identified the caring and helpful attitudes of healthcare professionals, but also highlighted the difficulties that some women experienced in accessing help when they needed it.

Who took part in the survey?

708 women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital in October 2019 were invited to participate in the survey. 335 women completed the survey, representing a response rate of 47%.¹ Table 1 provides information on the characteristics of the women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital who responded to the survey. Most of these women said that they lived in Dublin.

¹ It is important to note that the Covid-19 pandemic may have had an impact on the number of survey responses received. However, the women who were invited to take part gave birth prior to the pandemic and the maternity care they received was thus unlikely to have been affected.

Table 1. Characteristics of repondents who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital.

Age category		
	No.	%
Under 25	15	4.5%
25-29	45	13.4%
30-34	120	35.8%
35-39	114	34.0%
40 or older	41	12.2%
Previous births		
None	156	50.8%
One or two	131	42.7%
Three or more	20	6.5%
Ethnic group		
White Irish	240	73.2%
Irish Traveller	3	0.9%
Any other White background	58	17.7%
African	6	1.8%
Chinese	2	0.6%
Indian/Pakistani/Bangladeshi	5	1.5%
Any other Asian background	1	0.3%
Arabic	1	0.3%
Mixed	8	2.4%
Other	4	1.2%
County of residence		
Carlow	3	0.9%
Cavan	2	0.6%
Donegal	1	0.3%
Dublin	257	77.2%
Kerry	1	0.3%
Kildare	14	4.2%
Laois	1	0.3%
Louth	2	0.6%
Mayo	1	0.3%
Meath	42	12.6%
Monaghan	3	0.9%
Westmeath	2	0.6%
Wexford	1	0.3%
Wicklow	3	0.9%

Interpreting the results presented in this report

In this report, scores out of 10 are given for relevant questions belonging to a stage of maternity care or to a stage as whole. A score of 0 indicates a very negative experience and a score of 10 indicates a very positive experience. Some questions simply provide descriptive information and these questions are not given a score out of 10.

Statistical tests were carried out to examine if there were significant differences between the scores for specific groups, for example for people who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital, and the national average. Throughout this report, when the hospital scored significantly above the national average, this is described as 'higher'. When the hospital scored significantly below the national average, it is described as 'lower'. When there is no statistically significant difference between the hospital's score and the national average, it is described as 'about the same'. For more information on the analyses please consult Appendix 3 of the 2020 national report, available at www.yourexperience.ie.

There were three free-text questions in the survey which asked women about the positive aspects of their experiences and where improvements were required. Quotations from women are presented in a dedicated chapter. These quotations have been redacted to remove any information that could identify an individual.

Experiences of maternity care for women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital

Areas that scored above and below the national average

Using a methodology set out in appendix 1 this section lists the questions where women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital rated their experiences as significantly above or below the national average. It is important to note that even for questions that scored significantly above the national average, there is still room for improvement. The list includes the relevant stage of care and question number for each area.

Areas that score above the national average

Care while pregnant (antenatal care)

Information about mental health changes while pregnant | Q9

115 (36.1%) out of the 319 women who responded to this question said that they definitely received enough information about mental health changes that may occur during their pregnancy.

Care in hospital after the birth

Skin to skin contact | Q25.

302 (96.2%) out of the 314 women who responded to this question said that they had skin-to-skin contact with their baby shortly after birth.

Opportunity to ask questions about labour and birth | Q28.

135 (44.7%) out of the 302 women who responded to this question said that they definitely had the opportunity to ask questions about their labour and birth (often called 'debriefing') after their baby was born.

Areas that scored below the national average

Feeding

Support and encouragement with feeding at home | Q44.

51 (17.1%) out of the 298 women who responded to this question said that they did not receive adequate support and encouragement from healthcare professionals with feeding their baby at home.

Care at home after the birth

Clear answers from the GP or practice nurse/midwife | Q53.

21 (6.5%) out of the 325 women who responded to this question said that they did not feel that their questions were answered by the GP or practice nurse/midwife in a way that they could understand.

Confidence and trust at home | Q56.

15 (4.5%) out of the 332 women who responded to this question said that they did not have confidence and trust in the healthcare professionals caring for them at home after the birth of their baby.

Care while pregnant (antenatal care)

The first seven questions for this stage asked women to provide information about the first healthcare professional they contacted when they knew they were pregnant, the types of maternity care they were offered, and whether they attended antenatal classes or courses. The results for these questions are presented in Tables 2 and 3. A description of the types of maternity care is provided in Appendix 2.

The remaining 10 questions asked about the information and support women received during their antenatal care. These questions were scored out of 10, with the scores for the stage as a whole compared against the national average in Figure 2, and compared by participants' county of residence in Figure 3. The scores for the individual questions are compared against the national average in Figure 4.

It is important to note that the questions for this stage of care relate both to care provided in the community and care provided in the Rotunda Hospital.

Table 2. Number of births and first healthcare professional contacted.

Q1. In your most recent pregnancy, did you give birth to...		
	No.	%
A single baby	330	98.5%
Twins	5	1.5%
Triplets, quads or more	0	0.0%
Q2. Who was the first healthcare professional you saw when you thought you were pregnant?		
GP / family doctor	255	76.1%
Midwife	23	6.9%
Other	57	17.0%

214 women (63.9%) who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital said that they were offered a choice of maternity care, while 69 women (20.6%) said they were not offered any choices. Figure 1 shows the choices of maternity care that were offered to women and the type of care that they actually received.

Figure 1. Types of maternity care offered and received in the Rotunda Hospital.

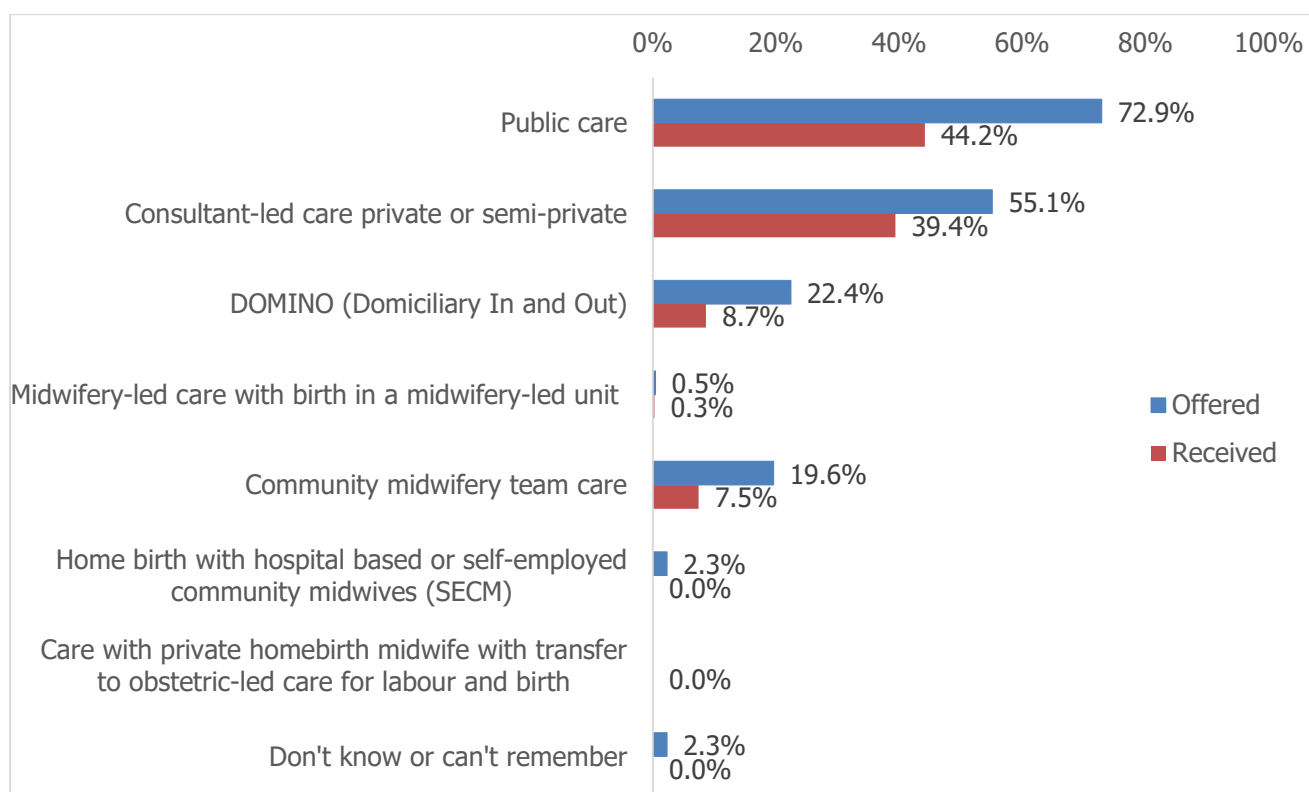


Table 3. Results for questions on antenatal classes or courses attended by women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital.

Q6. During your pregnancy were you offered any antenatal classes or courses?		
	No.	%
Yes, and I did them	173	51.6%
Yes, but I did not do them	131	39.1%
No	28	8.4%
Don't know or can't remember	3	0.9%
Q7. Are there any particular reasons you did not go to antenatal classes or courses?		
It was not my first baby	87	66.9%
It was my first baby but I didn't want to go to classes	13	10.0%
There were no available spaces/they were booked out	8	6.2%
I couldn't find classes that were right for me	2	1.5%
There were no classes near me	5	3.8%
I had other commitments	13	10.0%
Other	12	9.2%

10 questions explored whether women received sufficient information on their health and care, were involved in decisions about their antenatal care and had confidence and trust in their healthcare professionals. These questions were scored out of 10, with the scores for the stage as a whole compared against the national average in Figure 2. Scores for this stage of care are compared by the county of residence of women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital in Figure 3. Scores for the individual questions are compared against the national average in Figure 4.

Women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital rated their antenatal care as about the same as the national average. The highest-scoring question for this stage related to respect and dignity while pregnant, with 82.0% saying that they were always treated with respect and dignity while they were pregnant. The lowest-scoring question related to information about mental health, with 25.4% of women saying that they did not receive enough information about changes in their mental health while they were pregnant.

Figure 2. Comparison of 'Care while pregnant (antenatal care)' scores for the Rotunda Hospital against the national average.

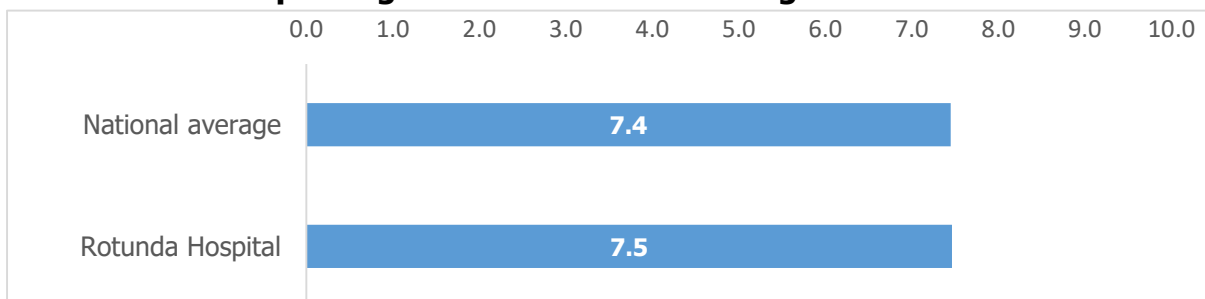
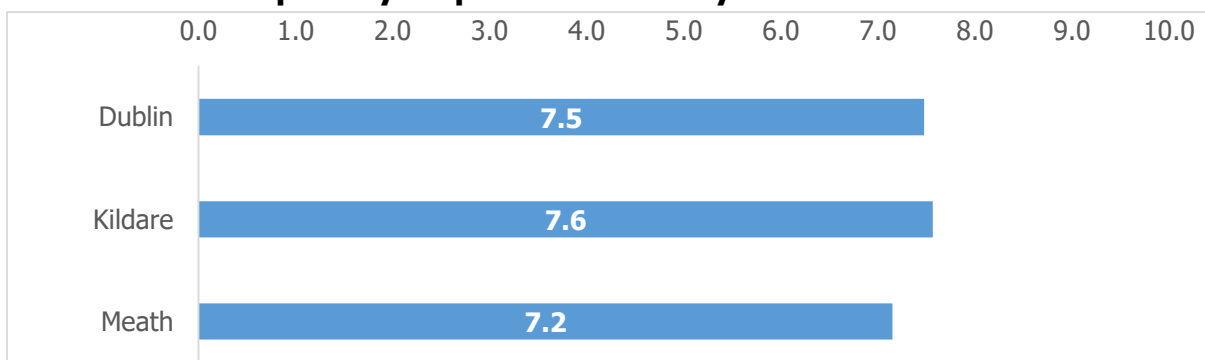
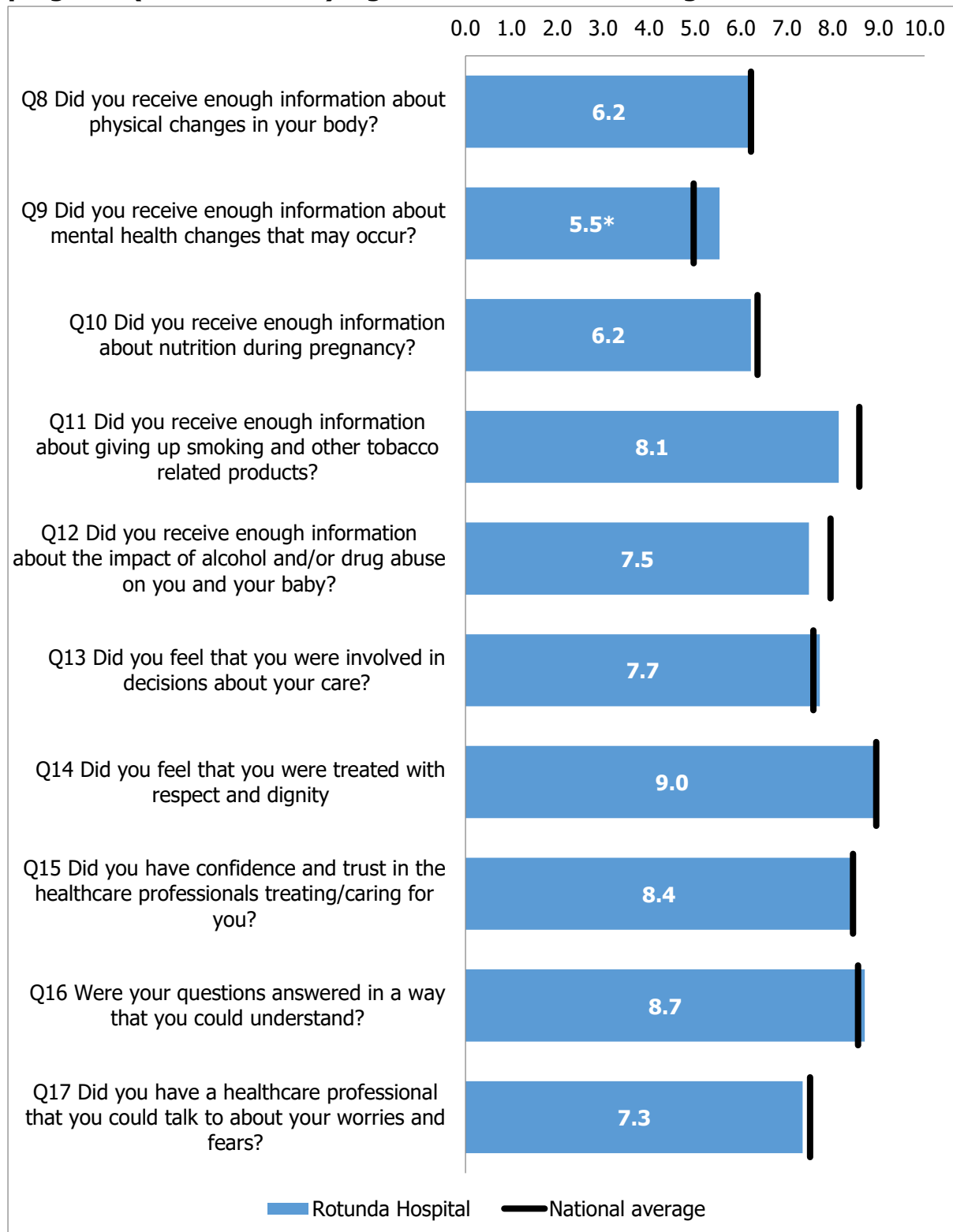


Figure 3. Comparison of 'care while pregnant (antenatal care)' scores for the Rotunda Hospital by respondents' county of residence²



² Results for counties are only shown if five or more women from that county responded.

Figure 4. Comparison of individual question scores for 'Care while pregnant (antenatal care)' against the national average.



*indicates significant difference from the national average

Care during labour and birth

This stage of the survey included three questions where women were asked to describe the birth of their baby and whether they were left alone at any point, with the results for the Rotunda Hospital shown in Table 4. There were also seven other questions about this stage of care that received scores out of 10. The scores for the stage as a whole are compared against the national average in Figure 5, and for the individual questions in Figure 6.

Women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital rated their care during labour and birth the same as the national average. The highest-scoring question for this stage related to skin-to-skin contact, with 96.2% saying that they had skin-to-skin contact with their baby shortly after the birth. The lowest-scoring question related to involvement in decisions during labour and birth, with 32 women (9.6%) saying that they were not involved in decisions about their care during labour and birth.

Table 4. Results for questions on induction of labour, type of birth and being left alone.

Q18. Thinking about the birth of your baby, was your labour induced?		
	No.	%
Yes	140	41.9%
No	193	57.8%
Don't know or can't remember	1	0.3%
Q19. What type of birth did you have?		
A vaginal birth (no forceps or ventouse suction cup)	155	46.4%
An assisted vaginal birth (e.g. with forceps or ventouse suction cup)	71	21.3%
A planned caesarean birth	71	21.3%
An unplanned caesarean birth	37	11.1%
Q23. Were you (and or your partner or companion) left alone by healthcare professionals at a time when it worried you?		
Yes, during early labour	50	15.0%
Yes, during the later stages of labour	38	11.4%
Yes, during the birth	9	2.7%
Yes, shortly after the birth	27	8.1%
No, not at all	226	67.7%

Figure 5. Comparison of 'Care during labour and birth' scores for the Rotunda Hospital against the national average.

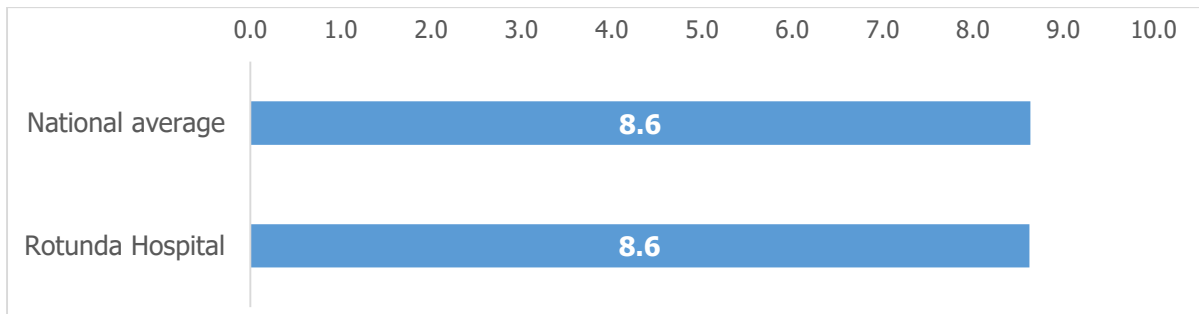
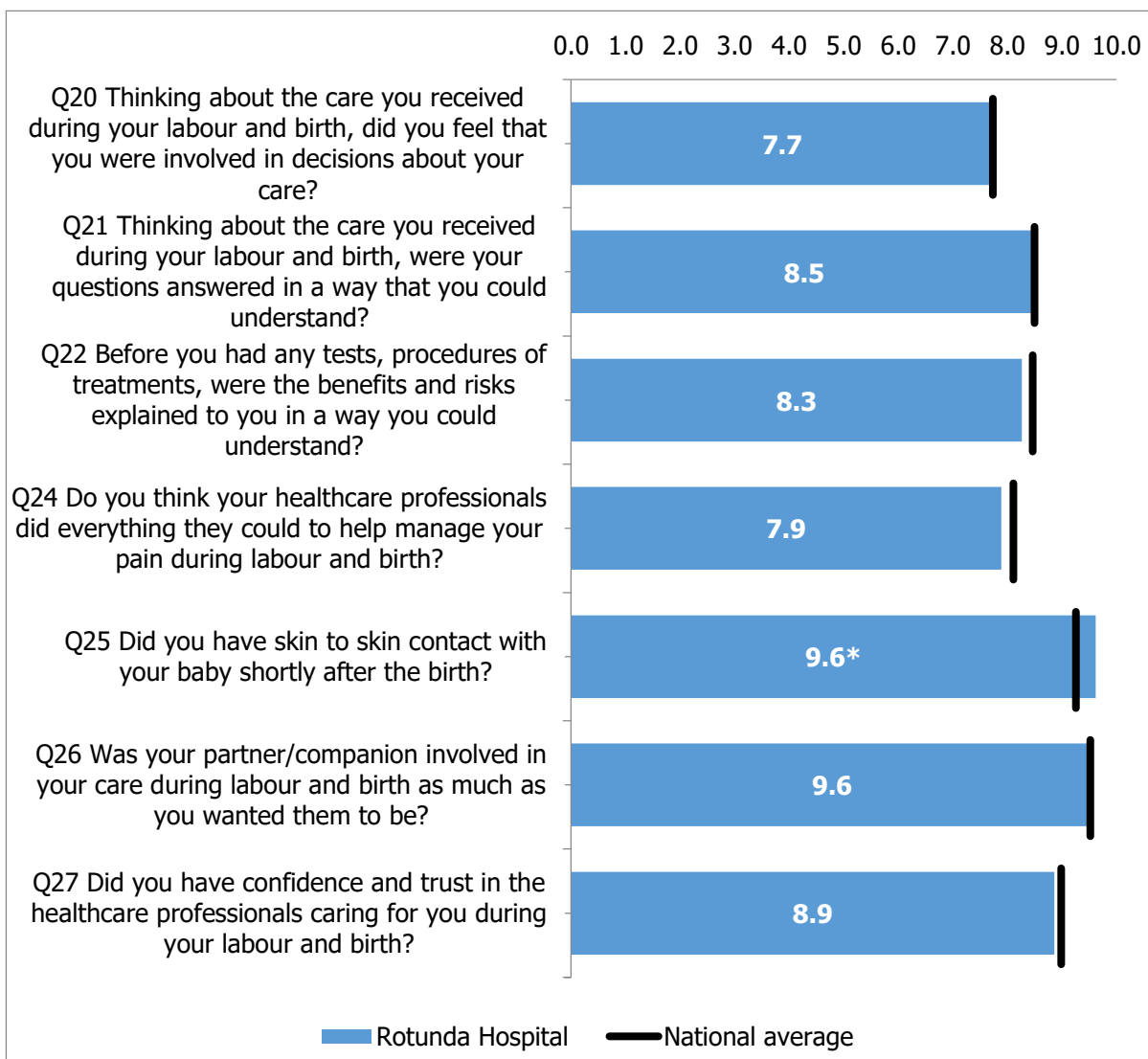


Figure 6. Comparison of individual question scores for 'Care during labour and birth' in the Rotunda Hospital against the national average.



*indicates significant difference from the national average

Care in hospital after the birth

The questions for this stage related to the care women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital received after the birth of their baby. All of the questions for this stage were given a score out of 10. The scores for the stage as a whole are compared against the national average in Figure 7, and against the individual questions in Figure 8.

Women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital rated their care in hospital after the birth as about the same as the national average. The highest-scoring question for this stage related to information on support services after discharge, with 91.1% saying they were told who to contact if they were worried about their own health or their baby's health. The lowest-scoring question related to 'debriefing', with 69 women (22.8%) saying that they did not have the opportunity to ask questions about their labour and birth after the baby was born.

Figure 7. Comparison of 'Care in hospital after the birth' scores for the Rotunda Hospital against the national average.

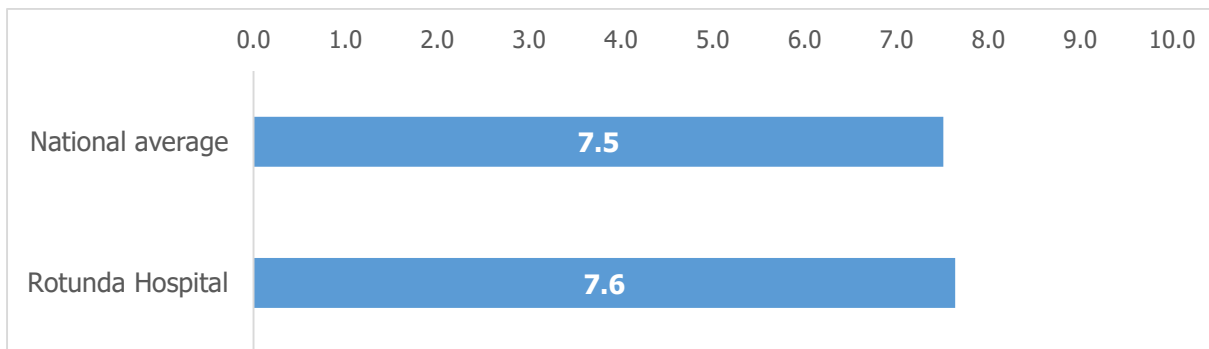
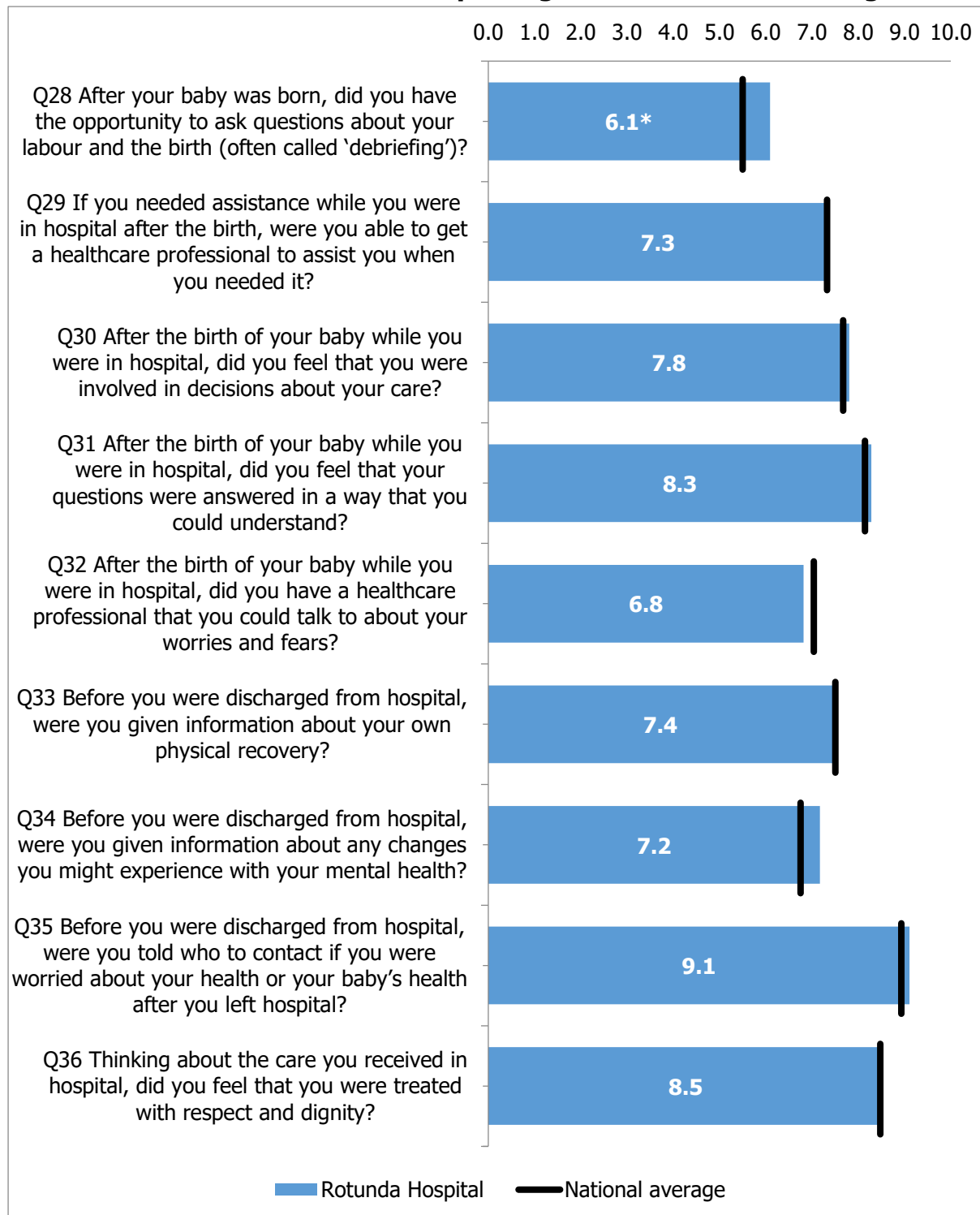


Figure 8. Comparison of individual question scores for 'Care in hospital after the birth' in the Rotunda Hospital against the national average.



* indicates a statistically significant difference from the national average

Specialised care

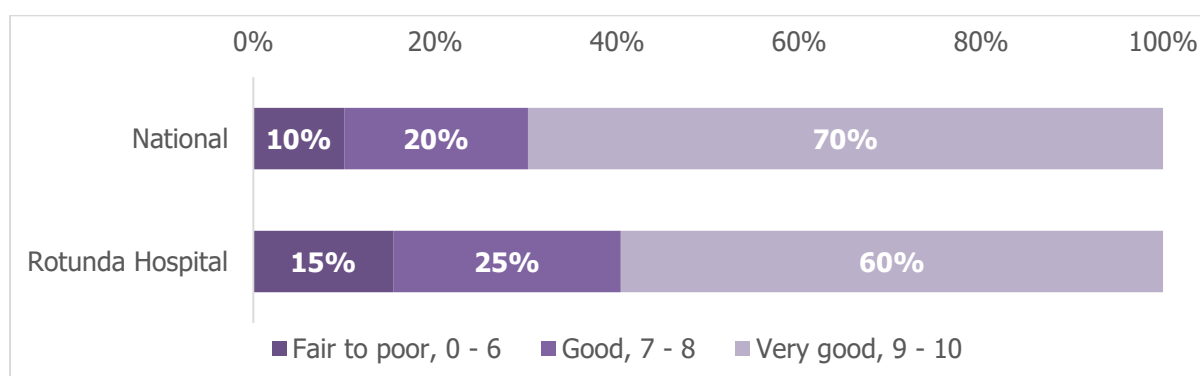
The questions for this stage explore the experiences of women whose babies required specialist care in a neonatal unit after birth. Women whose baby was not admitted to a neonatal unit did not answer Q38 or Q39. The results for Q37 and Q38 are shown in Table 5. Q39 asked women to rate their experience of the care their baby received in the neonatal unit from 0 to 10 and the results for the Rotunda Hospital are compared against the national average in Figure 9.

60% of women said that they had a very good overall experience of the care their baby received in the neonatal unit, compared with the national average of 70%.

Table 5. Admission to the neonatal unit and emotional support.

Q37. Following the birth, did your baby spend any time in the neonatal unit?		
	No.	%
Yes	53	16.0%
No	277	83.7%
Don't know or can't remember	1	0.3%
Q38. While your baby was in the neonatal unit, did you receive enough emotional support from healthcare professionals?		
Yes, always	25	47.2%
Yes, sometimes	12	22.6%
No	13	24.5%
I did not want or need any emotional support	3	5.7%
Don't know or can't remember	0	0.0%

Figure 9. Comparison of overall ratings of experiences in the neonatal unit at the Rotunda Hospital against the national average.



Feeding

This stage included two questions asking women when their healthcare professionals discussed the different options for feeding their baby, and how they fed their baby in the first few days after birth. The results for these questions are shown in Table 6. The other questions for this stage explored whether women felt supported and respected by healthcare professionals in feeding their baby, both in the hospital and after they had returned home. These questions were scored out of 10, with the scores for the stage as a whole compared against the national average in Figure 10 and individual questions compared against the national average in Figure 11.

Women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital rated the 'Feeding' questions as about the same as the national average. Most women (80.8%) said that their decisions about how they wanted to feed their baby were always respected by their healthcare professionals. The lowest-scoring question for this stage related to support and encouragement, with 52 women (16.7%) saying that they did not get adequate support and encouragement with feeding their baby while they were in hospital.

Table 6. Results for questions on discussion of feeding options and the methods of feeding used.

Q40. Did your healthcare professionals discuss with you the different options for Feeding?		
	No.	%
Yes, during pregnancy	202	60.3%
Yes, during labour or immediately after birth	81	24.2%
Yes, after birth while in hospital	106	31.6%
Yes, after birth while at home	52	15.5%
No	35	10.4%
I did not want or need discussion of different options	43	12.8%
Don't know or can't remember	4	1.2%
Q41. In the first few days after the birth, how was your baby fed?		
Breast milk (or expressed breast milk) only	181	54.0%
Both breast and formula (bottle) milk	91	27.2%
Formula (bottle) milk only	63	18.8%
Don't know or can't remember	0	0.0%

Figure 10. Comparison of scores for 'Feeding' in the Rotunda Hospital against the national average.

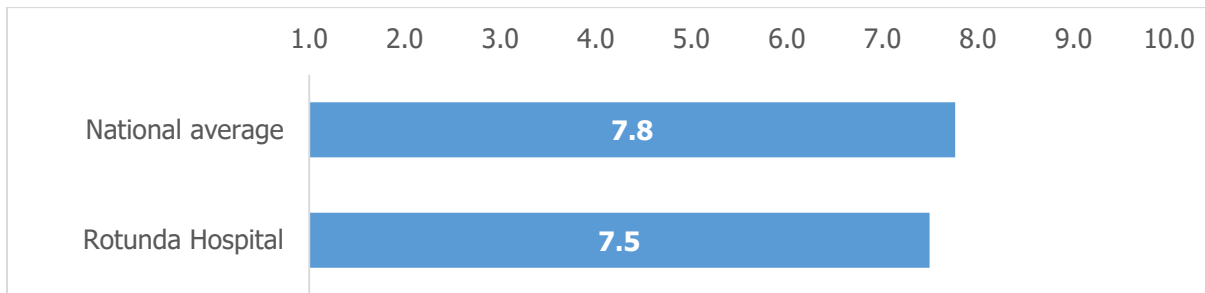
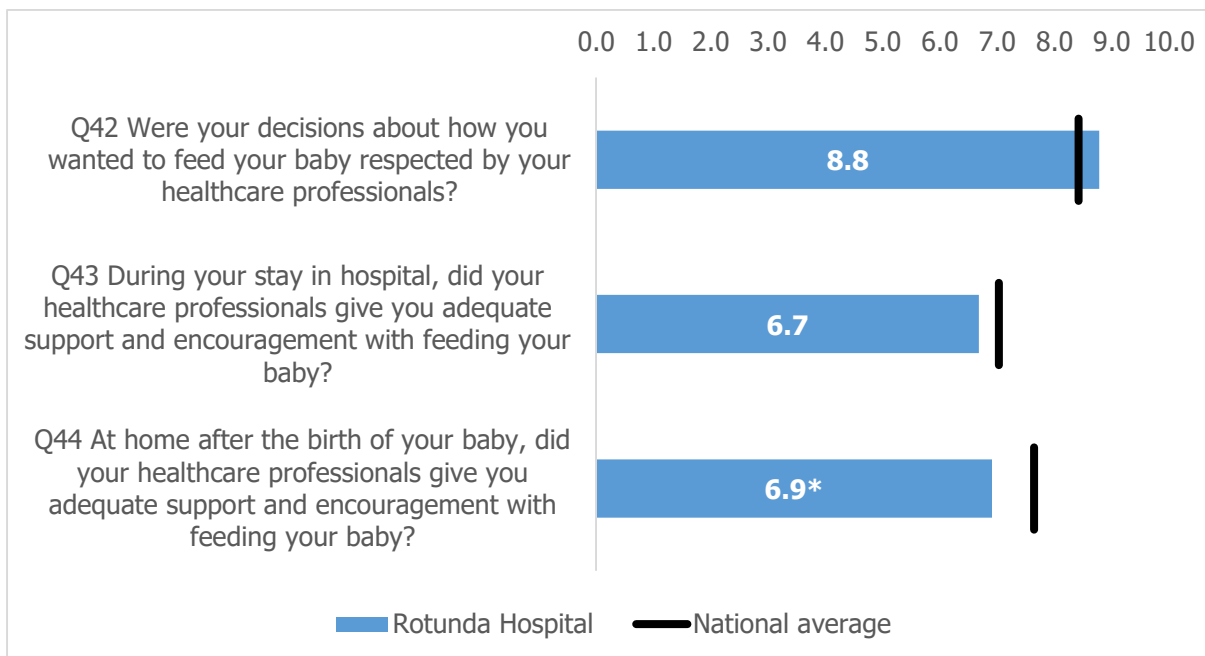


Figure 11. Comparison of individual question scores for 'Feeding' in the Rotunda Hospital against the national average.



* indicates a statistically significant difference from the national average

Care at home after the birth

The questions for this stage of maternity care explored women's experiences of postnatal care in the community provided by public health nurses and general practitioners.³ Two questions asked whether women and their babies had been visited at home by a public health nurse and received check-ups with their general practitioner. These appointments are a routine part of postnatal care in Ireland. Another question asked whether women had used local support groups such as mother and baby groups or feeding support groups. The results for these questions for women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital are summarised in Table 7.

The remaining questions for this stage explored women's experiences of the information and support they received at home after the birth of their baby. These questions were scored out of 10, with the scores for the stage as a whole broken down by the county of residence of women who gave birth in Rotunda Hospital, and compared against the national average in Figure 12. Scores for the individual questions are compared against the national average in Figure 13.

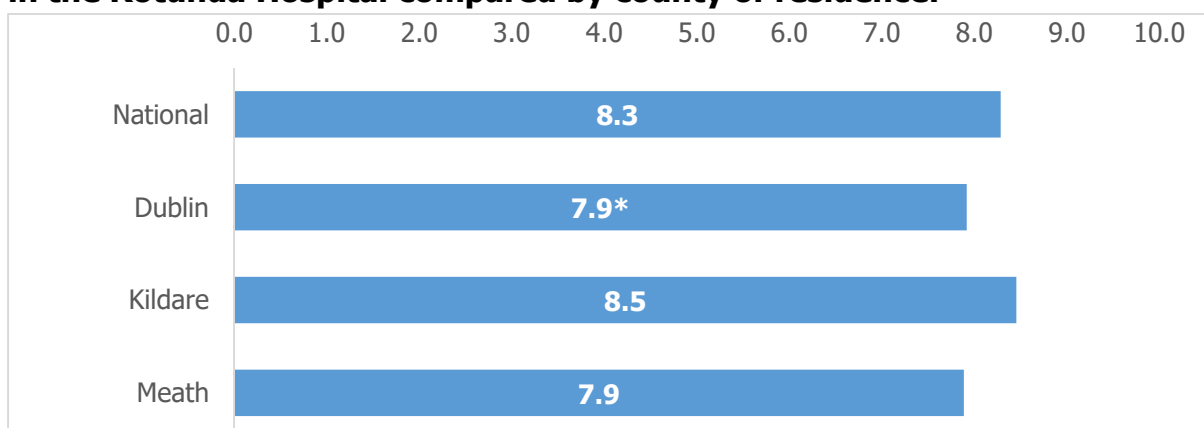
Women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital rated their care at home after the birth as lower than the national average. The highest-scoring question for this stage related to being treated with respect and dignity, with 85.8% saying that they were always treated with respect and dignity at home after the birth of their baby. The lowest-scoring question related to the time spent by the GP or practice nurse/midwife discussing mental health at their six-week check-up, with 31.5% of women saying that there was not enough time spent discussing their mental health at this check-up.

³ While the questions for this stage of care do not directly relate to care provided by Rotunda Hospital, it is important to represent all stages of a woman's maternity care journey in this report.

Table 7. Results for questions on postnatal check-ups and engagement with support groups.

Q46. Since your baby's birth, have you been visited at home by a public health nurse?		
	No.	%
Yes	333	99.4%
No	2	0.6%
Not relevant to my situation	0	0.0%
Don't know or can't remember	0	0.0%
Q50. Did your baby receive a 2-week check-up with your general practitioner (GP)?		
Yes	318	94.9%
No, I did not know about the check-up	6	1.8%
No, I knew about the check-up but did not attend	1	0.3%
I attended another healthcare professional for the 2-week check-up	9	2.7%
Not relevant to my situation	0	0.0%
Don't know or can't remember	1	0.3%
Q55. Did you use local support groups e.g. mother and baby groups, feeding support groups, etc.		
Yes	129	38.5%
No	206	61.5%
Don't know or can't remember	0	0.0%

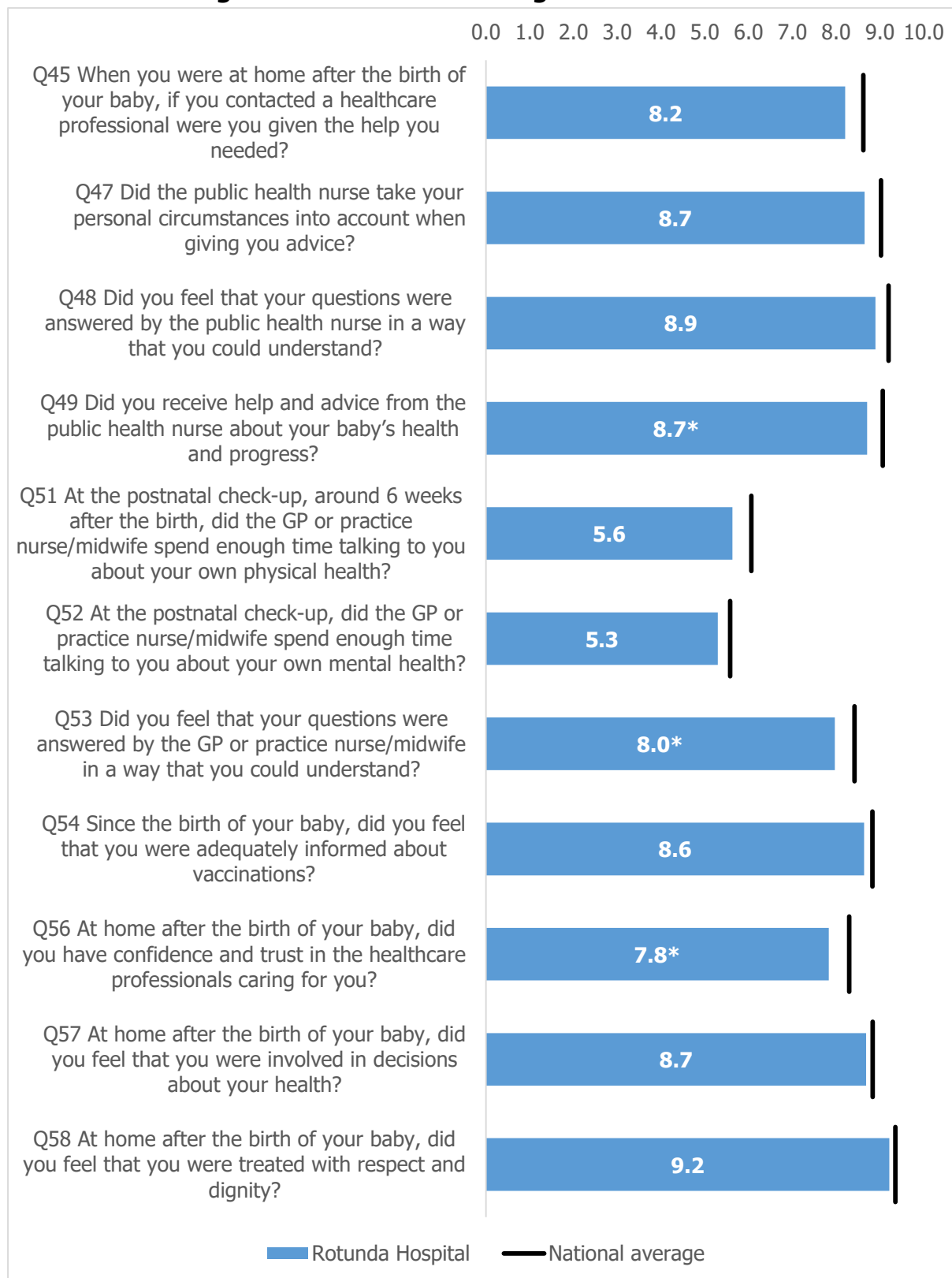
Figure 12. 'Care at home after the birth' scores for women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital compared by county of residence.⁴



* indicates a statistically significant difference from the national average

⁴ Results for counties are only shown if five or more women from that county responded.

Figure 13. Comparison of individual question scores for 'Care at home after the birth' against the national average.



* indicates a statistically significant difference from the national average

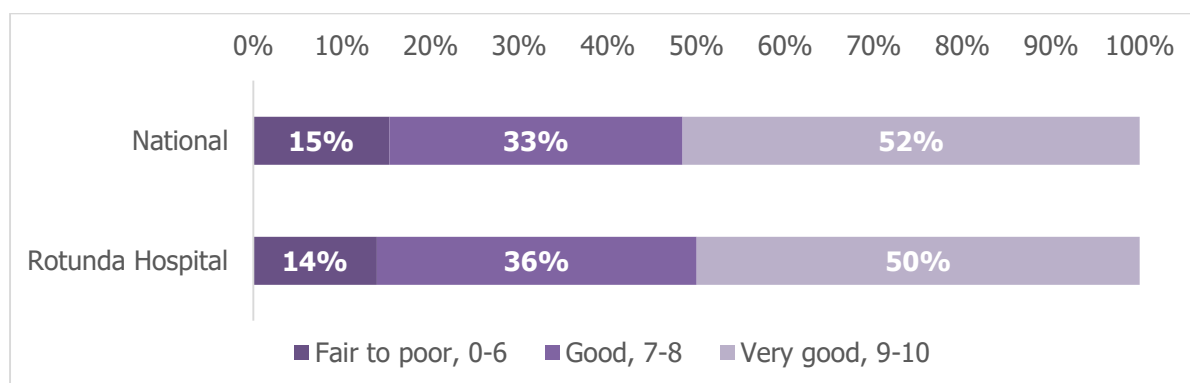
Overall experience

Two questions examined women's overall experience of maternity care. The first question asked if they knew how to give feedback or make a complaint. 99 women (29.6%) answered 'yes', while 155 (46.4%) answered 'no'. 80 (24.0%) said they did not wish to give feedback or make a complaint.

Women were also asked to rate their overall maternity experience on a scale from 0 to 10, with 10 being the most positive experience, and 0 the most negative experience. In total, 86% of women who gave birth at the Rotunda Hospital rated their overall experience as good or very good, about the same as the national figure.

Figure 14 shows the average overall experience ratings for the Rotunda Hospital compared with the national average.

Figure 14. Comparison of overall maternity experiences scores for the Rotunda Hospital against the national average.



Focus on: Involvement in decisions, confidence in staff, and respect and dignity

The National Maternity Strategy 2016-2026 emphasises the importance of women being empowered to make decisions about their maternity care, having confidence and trust in healthcare professionals, and being treated with respect and dignity. This section explores the relationship between these elements and women's overall ratings of the care they received.

11 questions in the survey explore involvement in decisions, confidence and trust, and respect and dignity. The average scores for these questions as a whole for women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital are compared with the national

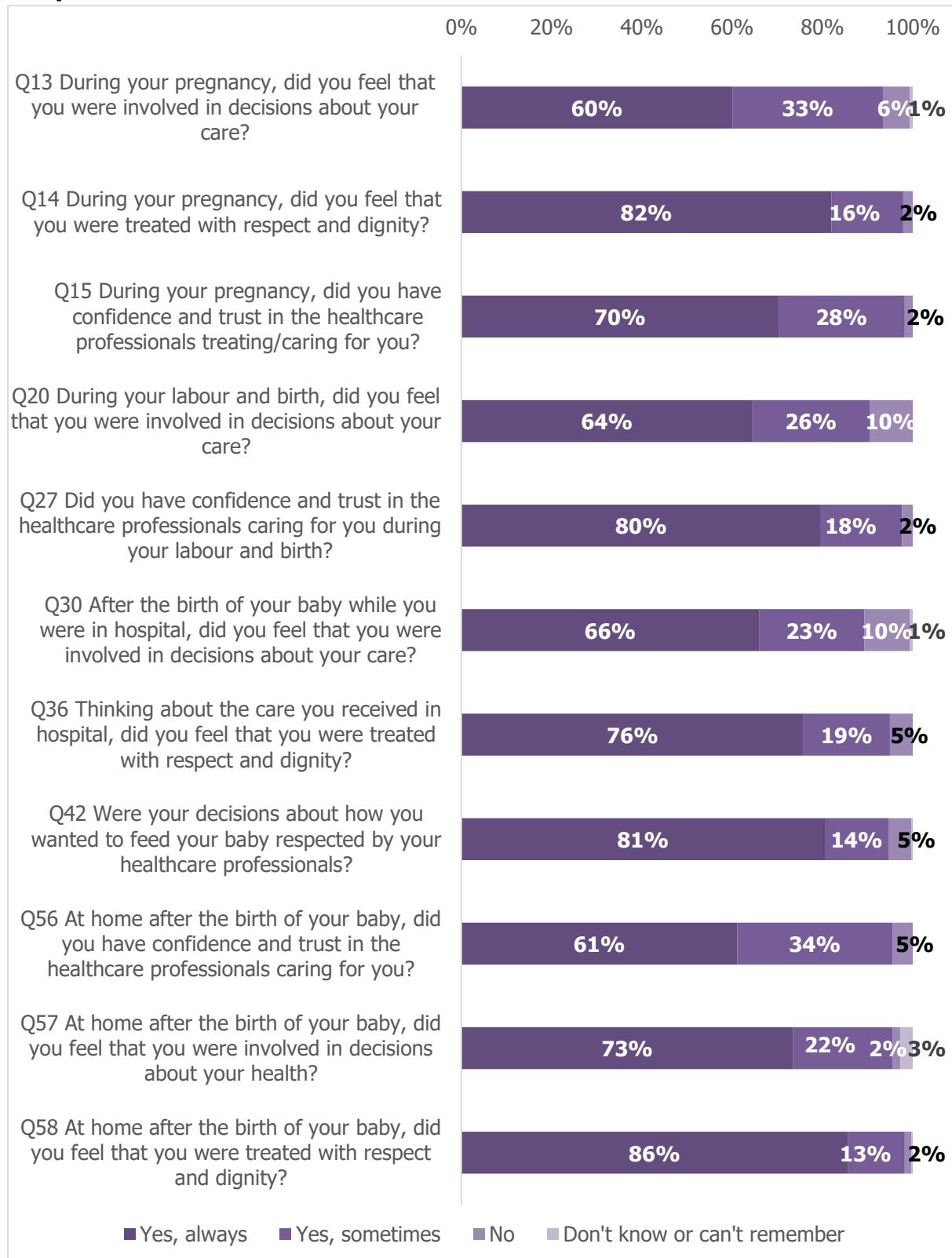
average in Figure 15. The responses for the relevant questions are presented in Figure 16.

Women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital rated the answers for these questions as about the same as the national average. The highest-scoring question for this stage related to being treated with respect and dignity at home after the birth, with 85.6% saying that they were always treated with respect and dignity at home. The lowest-scoring question related to involvement in decisions, with 60.1% of women saying they were always involved in decisions about their care during their pregnancy, and the remaining women saying that they were only sometimes involved or not involved in decisions.

Figure 15. Comparison of relevant questions for women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital with the national average.



Figure 16. Scores for questions about involvement in decisions, confidence and trust and respect and dignity for women who gave birth in Rotunda Hospital.



In their own words: analysis of women's comments

Three survey questions (questions 61-63) asked women to provide additional information, in their own words, on their maternity experiences. These free-text questions allowed women to give a more in-depth description of specific aspects of their maternity care. In total, 624 comments were received from women who gave birth in Rotunda Hospital.

Figure 17 shows the breakdown of comments by theme for each of the three open-ended questions. Q61 asked women what was particularly good about their maternity care, Q62 asked women what could be improved, and Q63 asked women if there were any other aspects of their maternity care experience that they would like to describe.

For Q61, most of the comments related to the 'midwives', 'labour and birth' and 'consultants and hospital doctors' themes. For Q62, most comments related to the 'staffing levels/pressure', 'midwives', and 'feeding' themes. Finally, most responses to Q63 related to the 'general and other comment', 'midwives', and 'feeding' themes.

It is notable that midwives feature strongly in the responses for each of the three questions. There are many more positive comments than suggestions for improvement relating to midwives, which likely reflects the nature and importance of the interactions that women have with midwives during labour and birth.

Examples of the comments received in response to each free-text question are provided in Figure 18.

Figure 17. Number of participant comments by theme.

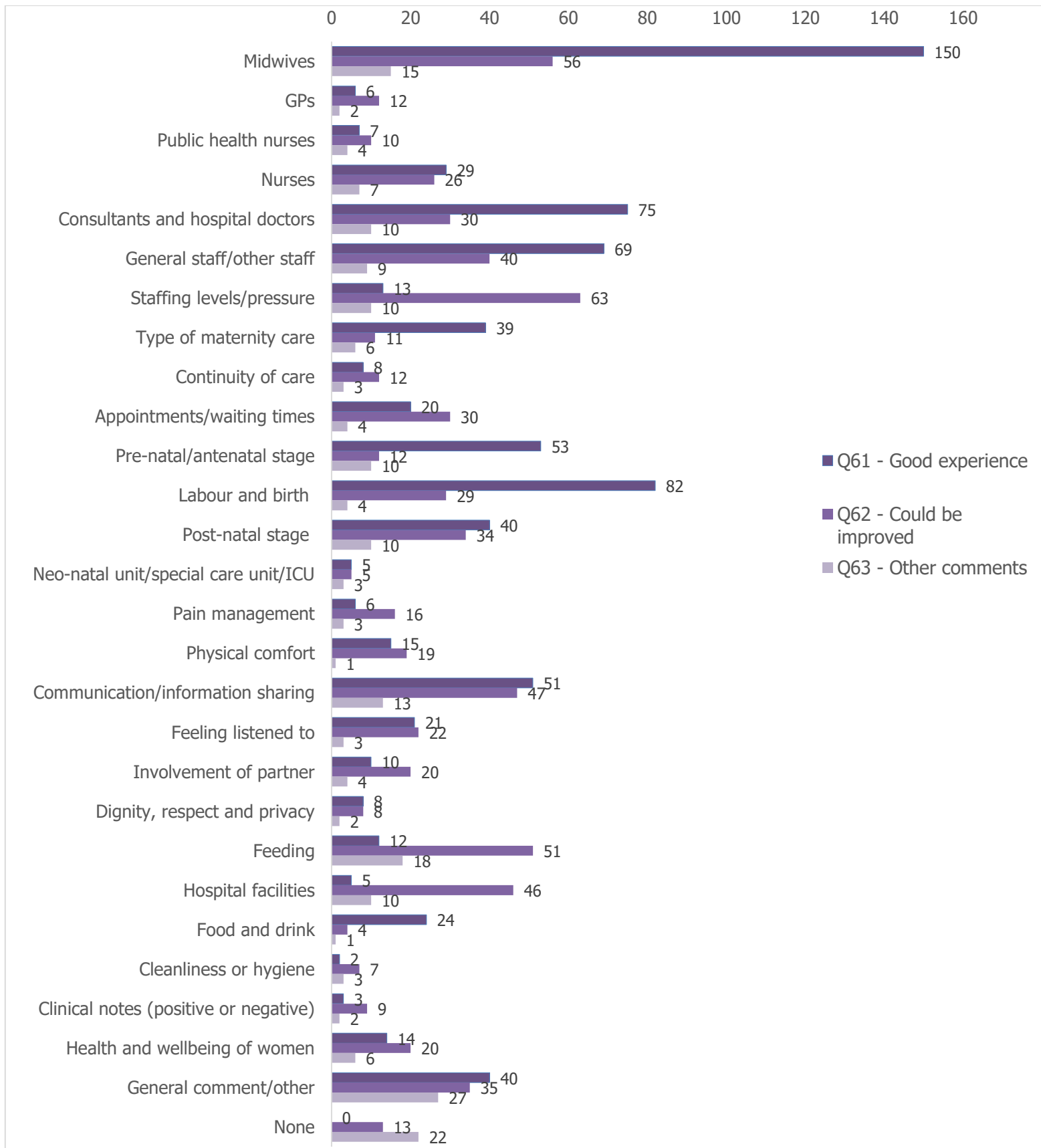


Figure 18. Sample comments.

Q61 Positive comments

"The midwives that I met during my labour were exceptional, from the women that I met in the triage room through the girls in the delivery suite and also post birth midwives. They were very competent and supported me and my decisions throughout the labour."

"I was allowed to labour at my own pace here and use the bath etc. which I found good as I was not put under any time pressure and only had one vaginal examination before giving birth."

"My consultant was excellent - approachable, professional, thorough, competent, good decision-making skills."

Q62 Suggestions for improvement

"Staffing...The pressure on the ward staff was noticeable. They all worked so hard, midwives and HCAs were fantastic but they could only do their best trying to balance the care all women and babies required under such pressures which led to a lot fallen onto certain staff more. No matter how busy they were, they always did their best to come to me if I needed anything but I worry what could go missed as they're so stretched. The doctors, I understand, are over stretched too but I feel during labour I was left longer being monitored as they were not around as much as midwives."

"Supports for breastfeeding need to be drastically improved. I requested to see the lactation consultant on the ward and was told "They are too busy" on numerous occasions. I knew my baby was not latching on properly and continuously asked for help from everyone possible and got a million different answers."

"I feel like you should be listened to more by the midwives when you go in to have your baby. I was in labour for quite a while before going in to the hospital (2nd baby) and despite what I felt was best, I was advised to go home to progress with my labour even though I felt I should've stayed. I ended up nearly delivering my baby in the car about 3 hours later and being unable to even walk into the hospital and was too late to receive the epidural which I said I wanted."

Q63 Other comments

"The continuity of care on the combined GP/midwife care scheme was disappointing. Since the Rotunda is now computerised, pregnant women no longer bring their hospital notes with them and there is no shared system between the hospital and GPs. I missed out on at least one blood draw to test iron levels because the midwife thought the GP would do it and the GP thought the midwife would do it."

"The waiting times in the emergency room in the Rotunda can be 4-6 hours. Mothers and babies lives could be put at risk as a result of these waiting times."

"I was not supported enough in the post natal ward regarding feeding. I had bleeding, cracked nipples but was hell bent on breastfeeding at least during the colostrum stage. Bottles were introduced and I felt like the worst mother for supplementing with bottles just so my baby would feed and I could rest."

Conclusion

What were women's experiences of maternity care in the Rotunda Hospital in October 2019?

Most of the participants who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital has a positive experience of maternity care, with 86% saying they had a good or very good overall experience. This is about the same as the national average.

Women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital rated their 'care at home after the birth' below the national average, with all other stages scoring close to the national average. 64% of the women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital said that they were offered a choice of the type of maternity care they would receive.

Women's ratings of questions on information about mental health changes while pregnant, skin-to-skin contact with their baby after birth and the opportunity to ask questions about labour and birth were significantly above the national average.

However, ratings of Q44, Q53 and Q56 were significantly below average. These questions asked whether women were given adequate support and encouragement with feeding at home after the birth of their baby, whether their questions were answered by the GP or practice nurse/midwife in a way they could understand, and if they had confidence and trust in the healthcare professionals who cared for them at home after the birth of their baby.

The responses to the three free-text questions provided very detailed information on women's experiences while in the Rotunda Hospital and the maternity care they received in the community before and after giving birth. These comments identified the caring and helpful attitudes of healthcare professionals, but also highlighted the difficulties that some women experienced in accessing help when they needed it.

The findings of the National Maternity Experience Survey will be used by the Rotunda Hospital and community maternity care providers in the area to improve the maternity experiences of women who give birth in the hospital.

Appendix 1: Areas that scored above or below the national average

Improvement map

It is important for maternity care providers to know if they scored above or below the national average for each question, and this is shown in the improvement map in Figure 19. The improvement map also shows which questions are related to patients' overall experience in hospital. Some questions had a stronger relationship with overall experience than others.

For example, Question 36, which asked women if they were treated with respect and dignity while in hospital, had a strong relationship with overall experience. This means that women who said they were treated with respect and dignity were very likely to give a positive rating of their overall experience. Women who felt they were not treated with respect and dignity tended to give more negative ratings of their overall experience.

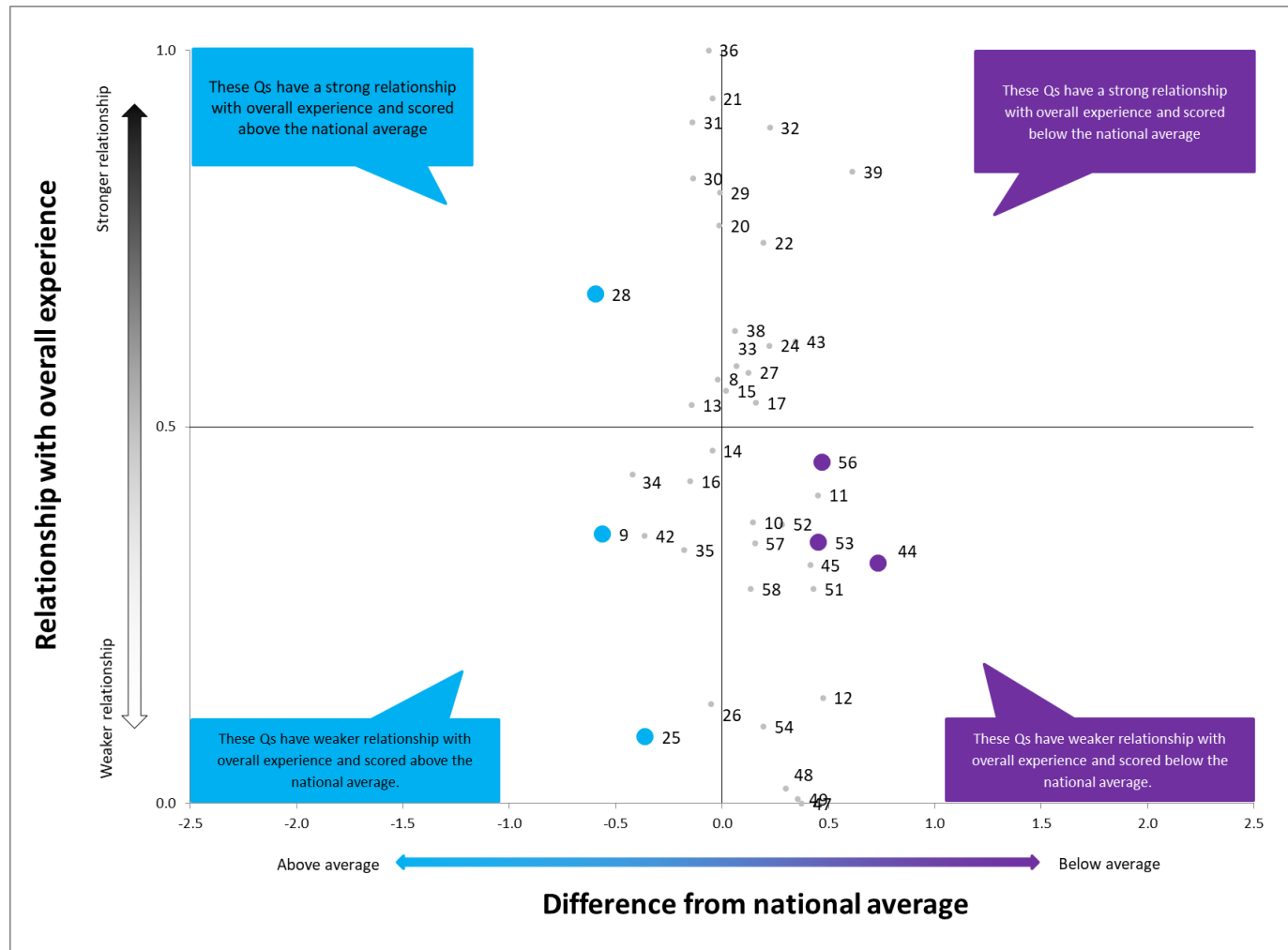
Other questions had a weaker relationship with overall experience – this means that patients' experiences in these areas had little bearing on how they rated their overall experience. An example is Question 48, which asked women if they felt the public health nurse answered their questions in a way they could understand. The relationship between receiving answers from the public health nurse and women's ratings of their overall experience was weak. This means that even if women received clear answers from the public health nurse, they may have given negative ratings of their overall experience, or if they did not receive clear answers, women may still have given positive ratings of their overall experience.

It is useful for maternity care providers to know which questions strongly relate to women's overall experience as these are the areas on which they should focus their improvement efforts.

In Figure 19, each dot shows a specific survey question relating to Rotunda Hospital. Questions at the top of the graph are strongly related to overall experience, while those at the bottom have a weaker relationship. Questions to the right of the graph scored below the national average, while those on the left scored above it.

The improvement map for each hospital is unique and gives specific information on where a hospital is doing well, and areas where improvements are needed. An interactive version of the improvement map is also available at www.yourexperience.ie, along with instructions on how to interpret it.

Figure 19. Improvement map for responses of women who gave birth in the Rotunda Hospital



Appendix 2: Description of models of maternity care

There are multiple types of maternity care, often described as 'models' of maternity care, available across Ireland. Each model of maternity care involves a varied mix of maternity services and healthcare professionals. These models of care, and where they are provided, are described in detail below.

Public care

Also known as combined care or shared care. Regular antenatal check-ups with midwives and or obstetricians in the hospital and, in most cases, with your general practitioner (GP). Labour and birth in the hospital. Postnatal care in a public ward in the hospital with subsequent postnatal check-ups in a community setting.

Consultant-led care private or semi-private

Antenatal check-ups with a private obstetrician (chosen by the mother) with the option of sharing these with a GP as part of combined/shared care. Labour and birth in the hospital with care provided by an obstetrician/the obstetrician's team and hospital midwives. Postnatal care in a private or semi-private ward in the hospital with subsequent postnatal check-ups in a community setting.

DOMINO (Domiciliary In and Out)

Antenatal check-ups with one midwife or a small team of midwives in the hospital or in a community setting, with the option of sharing these antenatal checks-ups with a GP as part of combined/shared care. Labour and birth in the hospital. Transfer home within 12-24 hours after birth. Postnatal care in a public ward in the hospital with subsequent postnatal check-ups in a community setting.

Midwifery-led care with birth in a midwifery-led unit (Cavan General and Our Lady of Lourdes Hospital Drogheda only)

Antenatal check-ups with a midwife or a small team of midwives in a midwifery-led unit or in a community setting. Labour and birth in a midwifery-led unit. Postnatal care in a midwifery-led unit with subsequent postnatal check-ups in a community setting.

Community midwifery team care

Antenatal check-ups with a midwife or a small team of midwives in the hospital or in a community setting, with the option of sharing these antenatal check-ups with your GP as part of combined/shared care. Labour and birth in the hospital. Postnatal care in a public ward in the hospital with subsequent postnatal check-ups in a community setting.

Home birth with hospital based or self-employed community midwives (SECM)

Antenatal check-ups at home or in a community setting with either a hospital-based or self-employed community midwife (chosen by the woman). Labour and birth at home with care provided by a midwife. Postnatal care in a community setting.

References

1. Department of Health. Creating a better future together: national maternity strategy 2016-2026. 2016.



National
Maternity
Experience
Survey

