

National Inpatient Experience Survey 2019

Ennis Hospital

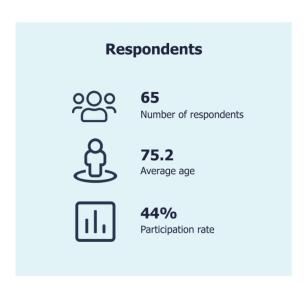






Ennis Hospital

2019 survey results









8.7 out of 10

Care on the ward

Patient ratings of 'care on the ward' in the hospital were similar to both the national average and to last year's survey.



Examination, diagnosis and treatment

Ratings of 'examination, diagnosis and treatment' were similar to the national average and to last year's survey.





7 out of 10

Discharge or transfer

Participant ratings of 'discharge or transfer' were similar to the national average and to last year's survey.



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About the National Inpatient Experience Survey 2019

The National Inpatient Experience Survey¹ is a nationwide survey that offers patients the opportunity to describe their experiences of public acute healthcare in Ireland. The survey is a partnership between the Health Information and Quality Authority (HIQA), the Health Service Executive (HSE) and the Department of Health. It was conducted for the first time in 2017 and repeated in 2018 and 2019.

Nationally, 26,897 people were invited to participate in the third National Inpatient Experience Survey. In total, 12,343 people responded, resulting in a response rate of 46%. 65 patients from Ennis Hospital took part.

The aim of the survey is to find out about patients' experiences in public acute hospitals and to use their feedback to identify areas of good experience, and areas needing improvement. The HSE responded to the 2017 and 2018 survey results by producing detailed quality improvement plans at national, hospital group and hospital levels. The implementation of these plans is coordinated by an oversight group, and a wide range of initiatives have already been introduced across Ireland's public acute hospitals. Some examples of these initiatives can be seen at https://yourexperience.ie/inpatient/hospital-initiatives/.

What were the main findings for Ennis **Hospital?**

The majority of participants from Ennis Hospital reported positive experiences in hospital. 83% of participants said they had 'good' or 'very good' overall experiences, compared with 84% nationally. The hospital scored about the same as the national average for every stage of care and for overall experience.²

Three areas of good experience were identified. These were areas that were related to participants' overall experiences and where participants gave significantly aboveaverage ratings. For example, many patients had positive experiences in relation to the cleanliness of wards and bathrooms. In addition, most patients rated the hospital food highly.



¹ The survey was previously entitled the 'National Patient Experience Survey'. The name was updated in 2019 to more accurately reflect the target population.

² When there is no statistically significant difference between the hospital's score and the national average, it is described as 'about the same'.



One area needing improvement, where the hospital scored below the national average, was identified — a number of patients said that their diagnosis was not explained in a way that they could completely understand.

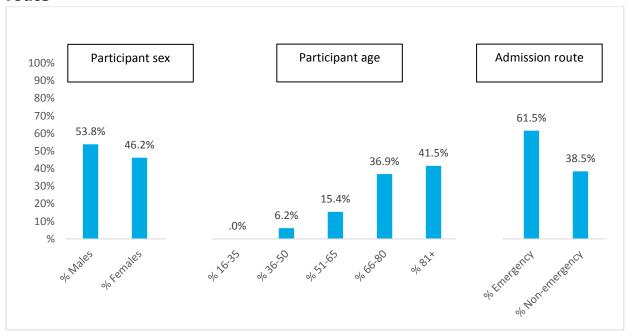
Patient experience ratings were similar to those of the 2018 survey, with the exception of overall experience, which was lower than last year's score. The findings of the 2019 survey will help Ennis Hospital to improve patients' experiences of care in hospital.

Hospital and participant profile

Ennis Hospital is located in Co. Clare. There were 50 inpatient beds available in the hospital during the survey period of May 2019.

149 people discharged from Ennis Hospital during the month of May 2019 were invited to participate in the survey. 65 people completed the survey, achieving a response rate of 44%. 53.8% of participants were male and 46.2% were female. 40 respondents (61.5%) said that their stay in hospital was due to an emergency³. Figure 1 below provides information on the respondents who took part in the survey from Ennis Hospital.

Figure 1 Participants from Ennis Hospital by sex, age group and admission route



Patients were asked if their hospital stay was planned in advance or an emergency. While Ennis Hospital does not have an emergency department, patients may have felt that their condition was an emergency. It is also possible that these patients were originally admitted to a hospital with an emergency department before being transferred to Ennis Hospital.

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Areas of good experience and areas needing improvement

This section lists the areas where most patients had positive experiences, and those areas where there is the most room for improvement. The list includes the relevant stage of care and question number for each area. Appendix 1 explains how these areas were identified.

The areas of good experience in Ennis Hospital are:

Care on the ward

Cleanliness of room or ward | Q10

54 (87%) of the 62 people who answered this question said that their room or ward was very clean.

Other aspects of care

Cleanliness of toilets and bathrooms | Q11

Of the 61 people who answered this question, 52 (85%) said that toilets and bathrooms were very clean.

Care on the ward Food rating | Q15

Of the 62 people who answered this question, 56 (90%) said that the food was good or very good.

The areas needing improvement in Ennis Hospital are: **Examination, diagnosis and treatment**

Clear explanation of a diagnosis | Q26

Of the 60 people who answered this question, 33 (55%) said that they could completely understand explanations of their diagnosis. This was below the national average on this question.

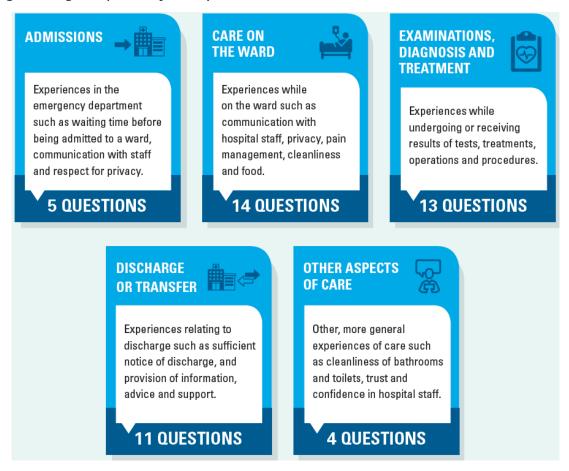






Survey results for the stages of care along the patient journey

The National Inpatient Experience Survey 2019 follows the patient journey through hospital from admission to discharge. The 2019 questionnaire is available to download from www.yourexperience.ie. The survey questions were grouped into five stages along the patient journey⁴:



Interpreting the results for the stages of care

Scores out of 10 are given for each question belonging to a stage of care or to a stage as a whole. A score of 0 indicates a very negative experience and a score of 10 indicates a very positive experience. Sometimes questions are described as high-or low-ranking questions. These are questions with the highest or lowest score when compared to a set of questions.

Statistical tests were carried out to examine if there were significant differences in patient experience between 2018 and 2019, as well as between a hospital and the national average. Throughout this report, when the hospital scored significantly





⁴ As Ennis Hospital does not have an emergency department, survey participants did not answer the questions on Admissions.



above the national average, this is described as 'higher'. When a hospital scored significantly below the national average, it is described as 'lower'. When there is no statistically significant difference between the hospital's score and the national average, it is described as 'about the same'. For further information on the analyses please consult Appendix 3 of the 2019 national report, available from www.yourexperience.ie.

Changes in patient experience over time

There were no significant changes in patient experience from the 2018 survey, with the exception of 'overall experience', which was significantly lower. Figure 2 shows a comparison of scores for individual stages of care.

It is important that these changes are interpreted with caution as scores will naturally vary from year to year for a variety of reasons. Several rounds of survey data will be required before meaningful trends and changes in patient experience can be accurately identified.

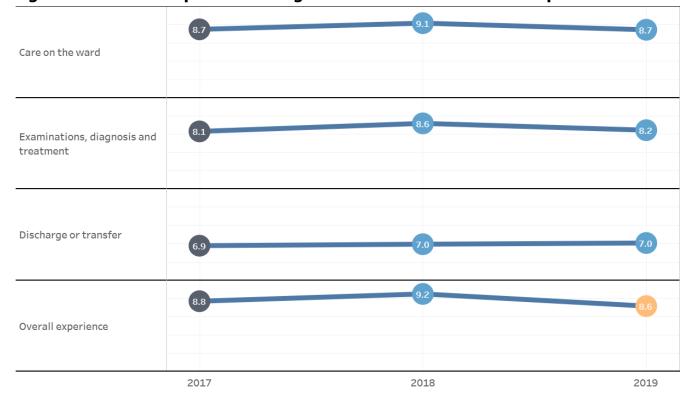


Figure 2. Annual comparison of stage of care scores⁵ for Ennis Hospital

N/A

Comparison with previous year

About the same

Lower

⁵ Scores for the stages of care were constructed by calculating the average scores for all the questions belonging to that stage.





Care on the ward

Figure 3 compares the hospital's overall score for 'care on the ward' with the national average. Figure 4 shows the hospital's scores for questions on this stage of care.

Figure 3 Comparison of Ennis Hospital with the national average score for 'care on the ward' (out of

a maximum of 10).

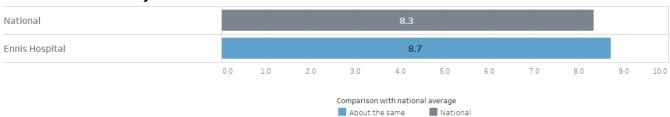
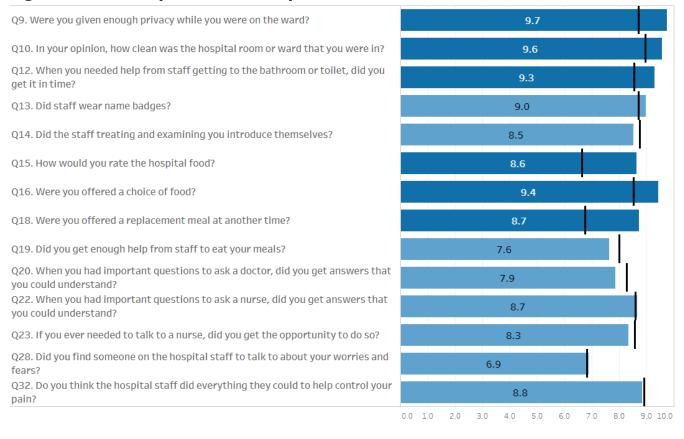


Figure 4 Ennis Hospital scores for questions on 'care on the ward'*





^{*}The black line represents the national average



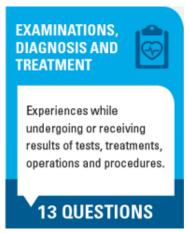
Care on the ward: what do these results mean?

Patient ratings of 'care on the ward' in Ennis Hospital were similar to both the national average and to last year's survey. Most patients gave a positive rating of the privacy they received while on the ward. The lowest scoring question for this stage related to whether patients were able to find someone to talk to about their worries and fears.









Examinations, diagnosis and treatment

Figure 5 compares the hospital's overall score for 'examinations, diagnosis and treatment' with the national average. Figure 6 shows the hospital's scores for questions on this stage of care.

Figure 5 Comparison of Ennis Hospital with the national average score for 'examinations,

diagnosis and treatment' (out of a maximum of 10).

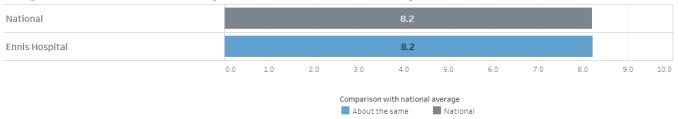
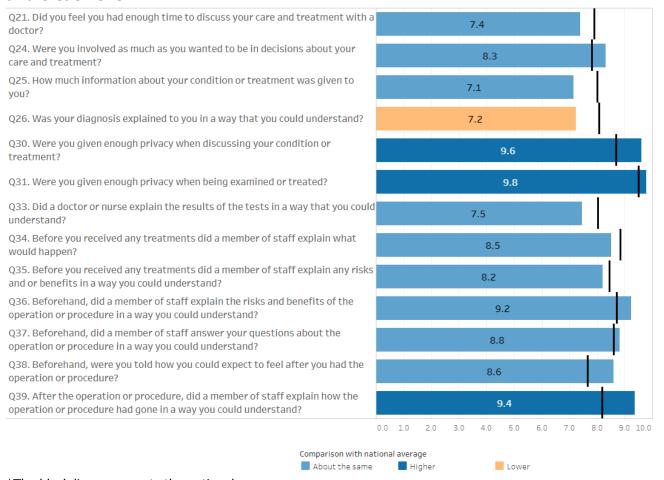


Figure 6 Ennis Hospital scores for questions on 'examinations, diagnosis and treatment'*



^{*}The black line represents the national average

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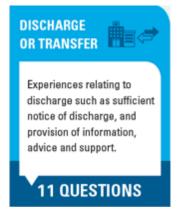
Examinations, diagnosis and treatment: what do these results mean?

Ratings of 'examination, diagnosis and treatment' were similar to the national average and to last year's survey. Most patients said that they were given enough privacy while being examined or treated. The lowest scoring question for this stage related to whether patients were given enough information about their condition or treatment.









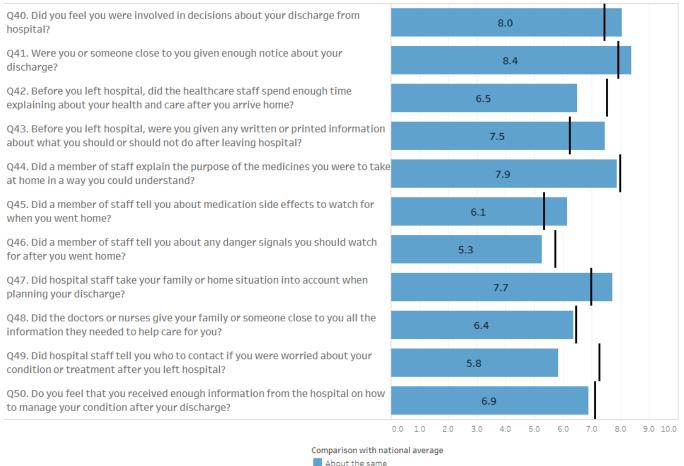
Discharge or transfer

Figure 7 compares the hospital's overall score for 'discharge or transfer' with the national average. Figure 8 shows the hospital's scores for questions on this stage of care.

Figure 7 Comparison of Ennis Hospital with the national average score for 'discharge or transfer' (out of a maximum of 10).



Figure 8 Ennis Hospital scores for questions on 'discharge or transfer'*



^{*}The black line represents the national average



Discharge or transfer: what do these results mean?

Participant ratings for this stage of care were similar to the national average and to last year's survey. Most patients said that they, or someone close to them, were given enough notice of their discharge. The lowest scoring question for this stage related to whether patients were informed of potential danger signals to watch out for at home.





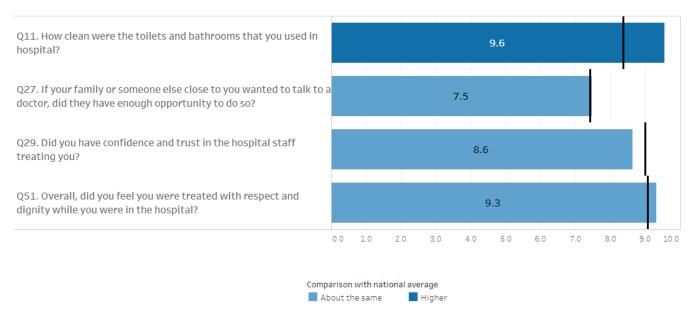




Other aspects of care

Figure 9 shows the hospitals' scores for questions on this stage of care.

Figure 9 Ennis Hospital scores for 'other aspects of care'*



^{*}The black line represents the national average

Other aspects of care: what do these results mean?

Most participants said that the toilet and bathrooms they used in hospital were very clean. A number of patients said that there were insufficient opportunities for their families to talk to a doctor.

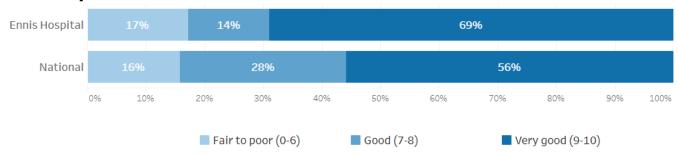


Overall experience

Respondents were asked to rate their overall hospital experience on a scale from 0 to 10, with 10 being the most positive experience, and 0 the most negative experience. 69% of participants from Ennis Hospital rated their care as very good, above the national figure of 56%.

Figure 10 compares the average overall rating of hospital experience for Ennis Hospital with the national average.

Figure 10 Overall rating of hospital experience for Ennis Hospital and nationally





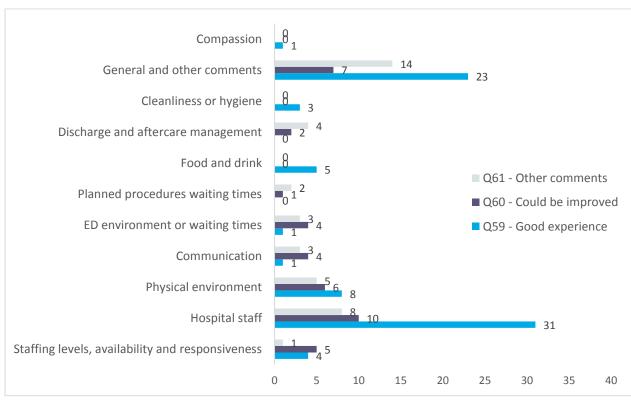
In their own words: analysis of patients' comments

The last three questions (questions 59-61) of the survey asked patients to provide additional information, in their own words, on their experiences in hospital. These free-text questions allowed people to give a more in-depth description of specific aspects of their care. It also allowed them to talk about various things (good or bad) that could not be captured by the structured questions. In total, 99 comments were received from patients of Ennis Hospital in response to the free-text questions in the 2019 survey.

Figure 11 shows the breakdown of comments by theme for each of the three openended questions. Q59 asked participants what was particularly good about their hospital care, Q60 asked participants what could be improved, and Q61 asked participants for any other comments or suggestions.

When asked was good about their care, most patient comments related to the 'hospital staff', 'general and other comments' and 'physical environment' themes. Most of the comments suggesting improvements related to the 'general and other comments'; 'physical environment', and 'hospital staff' themes. Responses to Q61 covered various themes. A selection of relevant comments from these themes is provided in Figure 12.

Figure 11 Participant comments by theme



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Figure 12 Example comments

Positive comments

"All hospital staff are very hard working and under all the pressure they were very friendly and nice. Hospital food was good."	"Overall very good care, approachable doctors and nurses. A very good experience."
"Hospital staff, nurses, kitchen staff and janitorial staff were all very courteous, professional, pleasant and respectful."	"Very personal, friendly and helpful staff - all staff. Had my own room which was en suite, spacious and bright. I had a comfortable stay."
"If you buzzed your emergency button the result was very quick."	"Very friendly, gentle, caring staff - all staff from nurses to cleaners, all excellent."

Suggestions for improvement

"I did not feel I could ask for assistance. I was left for a long time on my own and nurses only come in to give medication."

"Clearer pathway/information around transmissal funding/ fair deal scheme etc. It's daunting!"

"No hangers in wardrobe. Staff didn't have much time to spend with patient."







Conclusion

What were patients' experiences of hospital care in **Ennis Hospital in May 2019?**

The majority of patients said that they had positive overall experiences in Ennis Hospital. 83% of patients said they had a 'good' or 'very good' experience, compared with 84% nationally.

Ennis Hospital received scores that were close to the national average for every stage of care and for 'overall experience'. Participant ratings of care were generally similar to those received in 2018, with the exception of 'overall experience' which was significantly lower.

Three areas of good experience were identified. These were areas that were related to participants' overall experiences and where participants gave significantly aboveaverage ratings. For example, many patients had positive experiences in relation to the cleanliness of wards and bathrooms. In addition, most patients rated the hospital food highly.

One area needing improvement, where the hospital scored below the national average, was identified. A number of patients said that their diagnosis was not explained in a way that they could completely understand.

The findings of the 2019 survey will be used to help Ennis Hospital improve the experiences of patients in hospital.







Appendix 1: Areas of good experience and areas needing improvement

Improvement map

It is important for hospitals to know if they scored above or below the national average for each question, and this is shown in the improvement map in Figure 13. The improvement map also shows which questions are related to patients' overall experience in hospital. Some questions had a stronger relationship with overall experience than others.

For example, Question 32 which asked patients if staff managed their pain effectively had a strong relationship with overall experience. This means that patients who felt that staff effectively managed their pain were very likely to give a positive rating of their overall experience. Patients who felt that their pain was not managed effectively tended to give more negative ratings of their overall experience.

Other questions had a weaker relationship with overall experience – this means that patients' experiences in these areas had little bearing on how they rated their overall experience. An example is Question 38 which asked patients if they were told how they could expect to feel after an operation or procedure. The relationship between patients being told how they could expect to feel and their ratings of their overall experience was weak. This means that even if patients were comprehensively told how they could expect to feel, they may have given negative ratings of their overall experience, or patient were not told how they could expect to feel, they may still have given positive ratings of their overall experience.

It is useful for hospitals to know which questions strongly relate to their patients' overall experience as these are the areas on which they should focus their improvement efforts.

In Figure 13, each dot shows a specific survey question for Ennis Hospital. Questions at the top of the graph are strongly related to overall experience, while those at the bottom have a weaker relationship. Questions to the right of the graph scored below the national average, while those on the left scored above it.

Questions that scored significantly above average and had a stronger relationship with overall experience are areas of good experience. Questions that scored significantly below average and had a stronger relationship with overall experience are areas needing improvement.



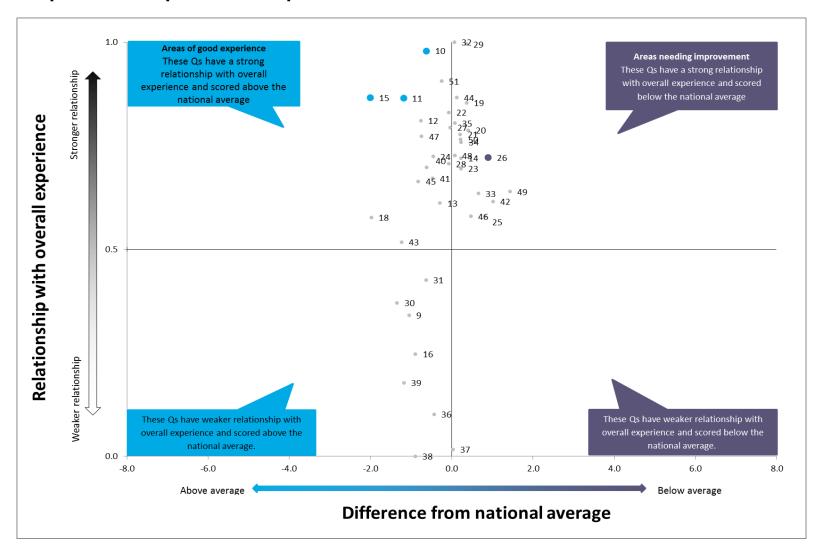
The improvement map for each hospital is unique and gives specific information on where a hospital is doing well, and areas where improvements are needed. More information on the science behind the improvement map is available below. An interactive version of the improvement map is also available at http://www.yourexperience.ie/, along with instructions on how to interpret it.







Figure 13 Improvement Map for Ennis Hospital











How the improvement map is constructed

The improvement map is constructed by charting the normalised correlation between each question and overall experience on the vertical axis, against the difference between the hospital average and national average for each question on the horizontal axis.

What is correlation?

Correlation is a measure of the relationship between two variables. For example, in general there is a strong correlation between patients saying they were treated with respect and dignity, and patients giving a positive rating of their overall experience in hospital. It can thus be said that there is a strong correlation between respect and dignity, and overall experience. A 'correlation coefficient' is a number between 0 and 1 that represents the strength of a relationship, with 1 being the strongest possible relationship and 0 indicating that there is no relationship. Correlation does not tell us if a change in one variable is caused by a change in the other.

How do we calculate the correlation coefficient?

The first step in calculating the correlation coefficient between two variables is to calculate their 'covariance'. Covariance is a simple measure of the relationship between two variables and is calculated using the formula below:

$$cov_{xy} = \frac{\sum (x_i - \overline{x})(y_i - \overline{y})}{n - 1}$$

While covariance does measure the relationship between variables, it does so in an unstandardised way, depending on the scale of measurement used. This makes comparing covariances measured on different scales problematic. In order to get around this issue, 'standardisation' must be carried out. In order to do this, the covariance for both variables must be divided by the product of the standard deviations for each variable. The formula below shows how standardisation is carried out, resulting in r, known as the 'Pearson correlation coefficient'.

$$r = \frac{\text{cov}_{xy}}{s_x s_y} = \frac{\sum (x_i - \overline{x})(y_i - \overline{y})}{(N - 1)s_x s_y}$$







The final step in the analysis is to normalise the correlation coefficients between 0 and 1 using the below formula:

$$r = \frac{r - r_{\min}}{r_{\max} - r_{\min}}$$

In Figure 16, we plot the correlation coefficients between each question and overall experience on the vertical axis. Each question's difference from the national average is plotted on the horizontal axis.

How do we calculate difference from the national average?

Statistical tests were carried out to examine if there were significant differences between a hospital's score for each question and the national average for that question. A z-test was used to compare question scores at the 99% confidence level. A z-test is a statistical test used to examine whether two population mean scores are different. A statistically significant difference means it is very unlikely that results were obtained by chance alone if there was no real difference. Therefore, when a score is significantly 'higher than' or 'lower than' the national average, this is highly unlikely to have occurred by chance.



